

Key Vocabulary – Art							
	EYFS	Year One	Year Two	Year Three	Year Four	Year Five	Year Six
Drawing	Thick – How wide a line is	Bold – stands out	Soft – feels smooth	Forms – height and depth	Expression – the feelings the art creates	Observation – looking at somethings and copying	Perspective – representing three dimensional objects
	Thin – how narrow a line is.	Smooth – feels soft	Broad - thick	Tone – the relative lightness or			
	Wavy – wiggly line	Rough – feels bumpy	Narrow – thin line	darkness of a colour	Pattern – when lines, shapes or colours are repeated	Tonal contrast – shades that repel each other	Composition – the arrangement of elements within a work of art.
			Fine – extremely thin line	Emotion – showing how your art work makes people feel	Proportion – making something	Mixed media – a range of	Focal point – the part of the
			Fine – extremely thin line	work makes people reer	the correct size so it looks realistic	different art techniques	work that catches your eye
						Shading – showing the light and darkness of a sketch	Hatching – artistic technique used to create tonal or shading effects by drawing (or painting
						Blending – when two colours intermingle	or scribing) closely spaced parallel lines.
Painting	Mark making-making marks with different items.	Mixing – at least two different colours mix together	Tones – the lightness or darkness of a colour	Primary colours – red, yellow blue	Textures – range of different feelings to touch	Review – to look at a piece of art work and say what I like about it	Light effects – using light and shading to represent three dimensional objects
	Observation – looking at things	Primary colours – red, yellow and blue	Layering – when materials are on top of each other.	Secondary colours – when there is equal mixture of the 2 colours	Blocking – allows the artist to paint in blocks of colour	Mix and match – use a variety of colour and paint styles	Complementary – colours with
	Imagination – making things up						maximum contrast
		Primary shades – different brightness of red, yellow and		Tints – mixture of 2 pure colours			
		blue		Experiment – to explore			
Collage	Sticking – when something sticks together	Variety – lots of different things	Crepe paper – a type of crinkly paper	Tearing – to rip paper to give texture			
		Fabric – a type of material	Textures – the feel of the surface	Overlapping – something that goes over something else			
		Collage – a picture that has lots					
		of layers	Tear – to rip the paper	Layering – building up materials by placing them on top of one another			